

most workers in town come from parent stock outside
repopulated the city at the end of the war, the most
poor. They are "war-damaged" and struggle hard after the war
and unemployment.

The life of the "collective" is rather more life than
it often looks when more than just the work, as the most
important part of the working of the Communist Party
of the USSR. It is the reflection of work and organized political
activity, more accurately the action of work, as organized and
group, placing upon itself a course, as a kind of organized
that may place direction and organized in political
direction and the organized course of action into the years
has become the most comprehensive educational and moral
training policy in the history of the world.

Understand the work and workings of the "collective"
we must first ask who controls who looks the "collective"
the control is that is a long one, all plants and factories
in the Soviet Union, least part, somewhat lead by one
group of a higher party, which is the party in the
control of the members of the Communist Party
and who, working in conjunction with the state
of the party, ~~and~~ through all factories, planning, to the
work, education and promotion, if any given work.
In many cases, control is given to the party, now
organize a position, ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
lead of any factory, ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
that he has had at the first that Communist had
the leading positions in plant that the party now
holds considerable work, ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
of the workers. ~~Now~~ ~~anyway~~ ~~it~~ ~~has~~ ~~no~~ ~~suggestion~~ ~~of~~
the party now as does turned down by the control
of our factory, that would be presented to the
the party now delegates who shall be ~~also~~ ~~not~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
party delegates a part well covered by employed
Communist, that Communist responsible for the carrying
out of "collective" ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
out of business pertaining to meetings, ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
party activities in ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
that meeting in "Sobremennost" but ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
held at the same time as ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
number of meetings of a ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
small ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
held a week out of ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
party common. meeting "political information" and the
school of common ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
conclusion for all workers, ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
conclude "Production meeting" "General Street meeting"
"Shop committee" and "Sport meeting" none of these are
compulsory. ~~the~~ ~~number~~ ~~of~~ ~~meeting~~ ~~held~~ ~~a~~ ~~month~~ ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
outlets of the ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
meeting last ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~
small ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ ~~party~~ ~~now~~

most workers in which come from peasant strata, while
regimented the city at the end of the war and, like most
peasants, they are war-weary and people have often returned
and unthinkingly.

The loss of the "colletts" is rather like the loss
of the double, upon the whole, in the work, in the work
reflects the work of the communist party
of the USSR. It is the reflection of mass and organized political
activity, some discussing the action of the industrial and
groups, placing upon workers, a course, as about, as discussed,
that any, place to discussion, as organized in political
discussion, with the help of the group, with the group
has become the most comprehensive educational and moral
training, both in the history of the work.

The first of the work and workings of the "colletts"

are most first and who controls who leads the "colletts"

the workers, the "colletts" in the work, all plants and factories

and who controls the work, the "colletts" in the work, all plants and factories

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university night course must give us that he can become a
 doctor, engineer, he went to school during and after the war
 in the last when his family took him during the revolution
 moved still further east after an ill and sitting at a desk
 day the regime was which his mother was killed.

after finishing his schooling at the age of 19, he went
 Russian Army. He was brought into the army, served in
 Mongolia when the Soviet Revolution broke out as a step
 back, when asked who killed the war that he was
 "murderer, capitalist and spy" when asked who he killed
 he says he killed the "murderer" when asked who was killed
 during the revolution, he says "murderer" asked what he
 thinks of that revolution, he says it was a glorious victory
 by our forces. "SARAI" asks what he tells a story about this
 old Russian, mainly mixed with the occupation force was
 working from the house, when he came upon a group of
 young Hungarian soldiers, one of them was against the
 camp and he took it as a threat though, he was
 of course, one of the young people could be found
 and pulled for a while, but when a hunger, people
 soldiers came around the camp, this he probably what
 saved the situation. He asked about the
 one of the group of people came up behind him and put
 him on the table, when he asked what were done
 of the group died and the other, then many "offering
 a revolution of 1918 and 1919" filled.

a picture of a different sort in that out by
 mild mannered he served his army unit
 along this age, on the principal front during the war.
 moved with for the flow he has other brother aged
 44 he began with a lunch like many people, and soon
 prepare them about had to make 115 people a month
 like, family well over a thousand, ready, and especially
 in his bedroom flat with neighbors who share kitchen
 and bath a very good arrangement for the Soviet Union
 he pays 15 rubles a month that has a small school
 education had finished a metal workers course
 at the night school faculty of the university in 1918
 he was then working at this plant for 4 years.
 he killed three men he was respected and is a
 member of the State Planning Committee, now working
 he believes in the plan of the party, he thinks of the little
 Russian, his father was of course in the hands of the little
 work, that his home during the summer, during the
 spent 20 minutes on a line working to work, he is the most
 important aspect of who otherwise simple and unexciting life
 to see he had many personal belongings, not many, but of
 love or spiritual, that is the most important thing in life.

3 But if the use of bureaucratic apparatus can be determined by a well placed 10 apt, most persons occupying part of the housing density and government and near offices expect remuneration for the life and death services which all nations seek to make - to secure persons for an apartment and official near to live in such an apartment compulsion laws in the Soviet Union without a city "near" thing a person could not in that city, with a position or work in district or taken it is very difficult process to secure permission to visit an apartment in another city therefore to leave another city. In such instances the administration of apartment houses may expect 40-100 rubles for his stay of approval on a request blank for an apartment or into an apartment already occupied by a family who are expecting to leave but only for another the usual method of getting a room or apartment without having to wait as with no social housing line which may take 5-6 years to receive a one room "apartment." In my experience country - class of death administration is always down who expect their political and into expect their positions for self-purges wherever in the USSR which practice place on a particularly point matter since it is not simply a matter of receiving rare services or conveniences but on matter of getting the freedom of life, a simple room, a work thing, permission to all relatives in a residential city and a restricted zone such as border zone, or military zone and such low zone. For order to receive permission to leave one city and live in another to individual choice a person must receive permission from the local party agency in the city from which he is leaving and from the city to which he is going. Then he must show that he has received a place of work living in that city in which he is going as well as permission to work from the military authorities, if he is military obligated from the police and security agency in case he has government or secret work. He must show that his specialty or profession will be used in the city to which he goes and also create plan of work and

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39 photos, references, documents and notepaper declarations but the main obstacle to moving in the USSR is getting a place to live since it would be years if one simply applied for a place in Moscow. Even if one can find ^{the} friends or relatives for the time being they could rent a room from somebody, they could not work because without a living wage stamp one's "passport" is no good against the law for any director or administrator of any enterprise, store, or office to give work to that person, and without a living wage one cannot get a "work stamp", even renting a room to a person who cannot get a living wage to that room is against the law (speculating). So although moving from one city to another is quite legal now (after the war it wasn't) it is a long process of red tape, many problems and stamping against bureaucratic procedure, that is why few people actually do change cities or exchange papers right now. The structural procedure of Soviet society controls the flow of people and their occupations and hence values to the state, any Russian will tell you he can change cities or move to another city any time he wants to, the he does however he must meet certain requirements in order to receive new work and although he may indeed quite any job he likes up till 1950 a person could not quite a job without police and state security agency permission. It was simply compulsory to work at the job one had been assigned to. Now although it is true that foremen assign a Soviet their working assignments the bidding of any worker who cannot be replaced. In the event a worker does not choose to remain at his place of work or chooses to refuse a certain job he can be tried by a people's court and sent to a work camp or prison for terms ranging up to 3 years.

The headquarters of the Central Committee of the KPB is located on Karl Marx St. a 8 storied yellow metal and brick structure. It is a rectangular shaped with straight sharp lines and almost none of its gables. Decorations found on most buildings in the city. The first Secretary of the Central Committee of the KPB by Petrovich was the wingman of the Central Committee, which was in the late 50s. K. P. MARSHALOV, only seen on the streets. He and his family occupy a huge 8 room apt. on the top floor of a government apartment house on prospect Stalin, entrance to this apartment building is guarded night and day by one uniformed policeman who checks papers and stops unauthorized persons out. Next to him is the residence of several ministers, such as, Minister of Education, 14 S. Prospekt and Minister of Construction, 26 S. Prospekt. Majorov controls and holds all activities in the republic with authority, no United States government has been enjoyed, since the authority cannot be exercised or challenged by court order or injunction, as it often is in the United States. Majorov is responsible himself to the masses and the party, perestroika decided by Khrushchev. He appeared in the reviewing box at the parade of his troops on May 10 and November 7th, holidays, besides, which he works a congenial head, occasional without others of a small. He was elected to his post in a general election, more than 14,000,000 in which he the first of his kind, but after appointed from the members of the Supreme Soviet, who are elected on the one candidate ticket, which is prepared and authorized in the first place by the United Com. of the Communist party of the Republic's Republic's, therefore is common. There are members of the Supreme Soviet from 2 members, replacements for vacated seats in the common. Replacements may be requested from the one of them, a higher appointment to the common of the Republic from the party, under the authority provided in the actual country.

Diary Embassy Meeting.
Oct. 31, 1959.

1210 ARRIVE IN BELLEVILLE TYPE TALK, TWO AMERICAN MEN NEW STRIKE
AT THE ENTRANCE, ONE SAYS I AM APPROACHING THE ENTRANCE OF THE
STATION AND SAYS PASS ME I SAY AND SHOW MY PASSPORT.
HE MOTIONS ME TO PASS INSIDE AS I WISH. THEY CAN BE LITTLE.
DON'T I SAY IN HIS MIND THAT IS A AMERICAN. LIGHT OVERCAST,
NO NEED TO SCARF AND NON-RUSSIAN WARDEN DOWN STREET, I.E.
ENTERING I FIND THE OFFICE OF CONSULAR OFFICE OPENING THE DOOR
I GO IN. A SECRETARY BUSY TRYING LOOKS UP. YES? SHE SAYS
I'D LIKE TO SEE THE CONSULAR OFFICE. I SAY. WILL YOU SHOW
THE TOURIST REGISTRAR PLEASE? SHE SAYS DON'T GOING BACK DIRECTLY
YES, BUT BEFORE I DO THAT, I'D LIKE TO SEE THE CONSULAR,
LAYING MY PASSPORT ON HER DESK, AS SHE LOOKS UP ALIQUID, I
WANT HERE TO DISCUSS MY AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP, SHE
RISES AND TAKING MY PASSPORT GOES INTO THE OPEN DOOR
OFFICE WHERE SHE LEAPS THE PASSPORT ON A MAN'S DESK SAYING
"THERE'S A MR. O'NEILL OUTSIDE, WHO SAYS ADDRESS TO DISCUSS HIS
U.S. CITIZENSHIP. OK" THE MAN SAYS, THANKS" HE SAYS TO THE
GIRL WITHOUT LOOKING UP FROM HIS TYPING. SHE, AS SHE COMES
OUT, INVITES ME INTO THE INTER OFFICE TO SIT DOWN. I DO
SO, SELECTING AN ARMCHAIR TO THE FRONT LEFT SIDE OF
SUNDERS DESK. IT WAS SUNDERS WHOM I TALKED TO MORE EARLIER
I WAIT, CROSSING MY LEGS AND KEEPING MY WOMIE IN MY LAP.
HE FINISHES TYPING. REMOVES THE LETTER FROM HIS TYPEWRITER
AND REQUESTING HIS GROOMER LOOKS AT ME.

"What Can I do for you he asks? "I want to leave my house
to come to dissolve my citizenship and would like
to sign the legal papers at that office?" He said you apply
for American citizenship? yes he said that at a Police Office.
and says " & where we go to that is fine some business office."
he ask more personal information while I answer them:
"Your reasons for coming" then I have answered life in the
US. American military like American imperialism some
more, it must be waited two years for this I don't want to live
in the US. or as a citizen of American I can't live he says
OK. THATS ALL UNLESS YOU WANT TO FORGIVE YOUR PASSPORT BEING
YOU CAN GO. I said I've requested that I be allowed to sign legal
papers, regarding myself as its citizen. do you request that I sign
the papers, he no, but the papers will take some time to get ready,
in the meantime where are you staying? being in the meantime
I state money at being released from here I want to leave you know
I want the pass, so what are the sum you need? and how much I am willing to

prefabricated parts for speeds the roughly and in preparation
Khrushchev called a halt to the construction plans of the
present 7 year plan, this will mean, especially, on apartment,
for without these no a dies need.

Most factory workers do not consider themselves in this
for an apartment even if they get on it but for at least
4 years. This estimate was based on experience.

At the 22nd party congress Khrushchev in his
speech, like with speech, for all practical purposes the
only speech, said all other policies in favor of the
first speech, recalled that in 1940, 100,000 people
in the Soviet Union went abroad, this is a gross
over estimate including foreigners and returning
and abroad which make up 20-25 of this total
all other are delegations of intellectuals, students
and scientific workers the 230,000 tourist "Kudoko"
manage to go abroad are carefully selected from
applicants, the main requirement is, is he loyal
and politically responsible?? any worker at our plant
could apply for a tourist trip under the limited
months under applying to delegations for 140 rubles
he can go to China for two weeks from which
or for 80 rubles up to Czechoslovakia for more
if he passes the requirements he can even get to
England, the hotel go that he must be checked
by the Communist Party, he must account for the proceeds
of his money, since speculation is not allowed
the USSR he must have behind close relatives, preferably
a wife and children, or mother and father, this
last is actually the most important, the Russians
know that a person will not ordinarily leave
a delegation or group of tourist to seek anyone
if he knows he'll never see his family again
not alone anyway. Individual tourist who go abroad
when and where they want to, because of their own desires
are unknown in the Soviet Union. Passports abroad
are issued only after a 6 month department investigation
by the KGB.

